

# **Integrating Geophysics, Geology, and Hydrology to Enhanced Hydrogeological Modelling**

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# HyGEM

Integrating geophysics, geology and **H**ydrology for improved  
**G**roundwater and **E**nvironmental **M**anagement

HyGEM is supported by the Danish Council for Strategic Research

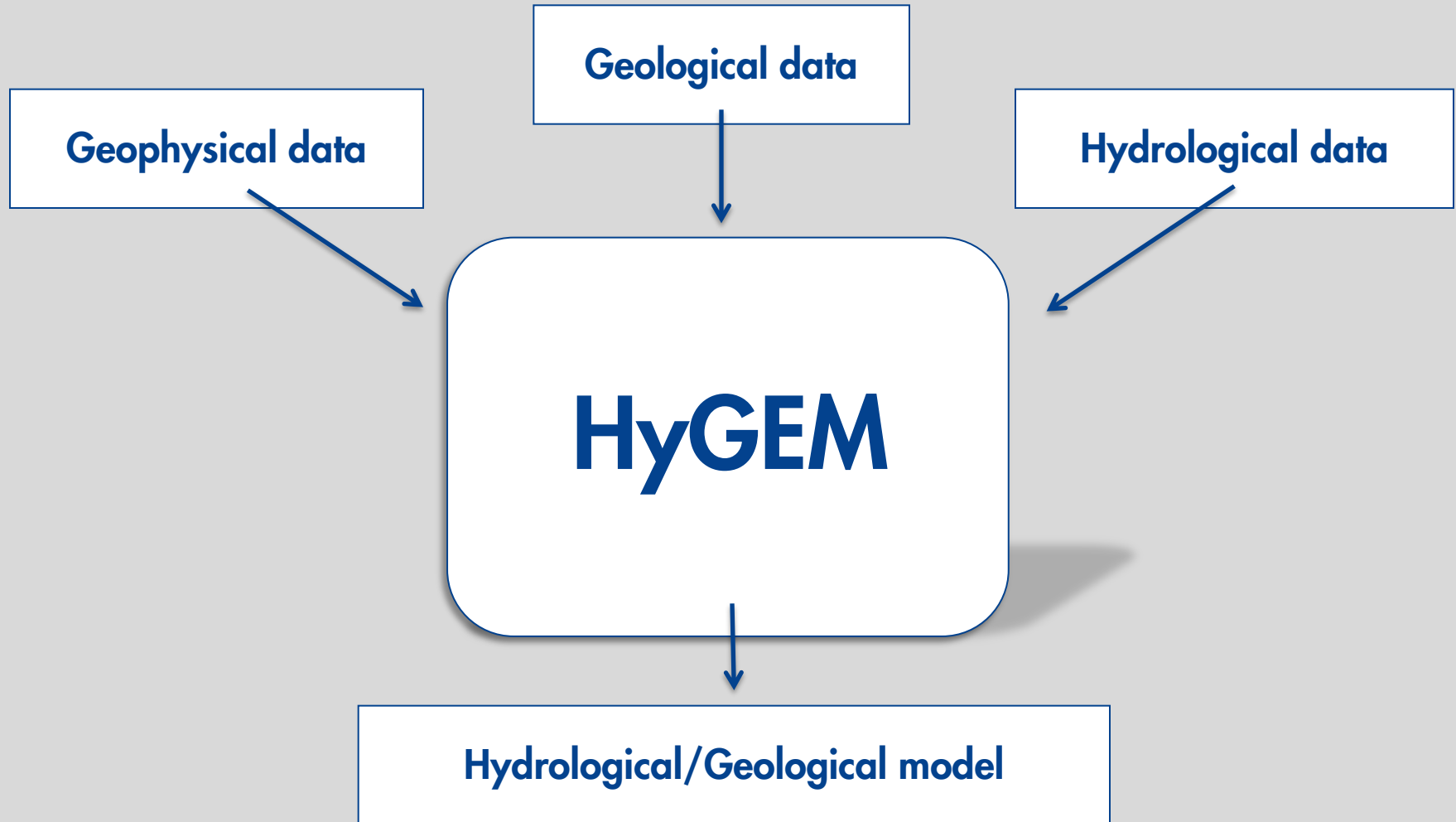


# Motivation

- **Today the integration of geophysical and geological/hydrological data is**
  - Subjective
  - Largely un-documented
  - Manual
- **Possible information loss when combining different data sets through a chain of processes and people**
- **Information loss by changes in model discretization**
- **Need workable tools on large scale watershed investigations**



# Objectives



# Objectives

- **Create tools for direct and (semi-) automatic integration of geophysical and geological data into hydrological models**
- **⇒ Better water resources and environmental management**
- **Results must be**
  - Reproducible
  - Documented
  - Objective
  - Uncertainties described



# Tools

- **Airborne Electromagnetic**
- **Magnetic Resonance Sounding**
- **Geophysical borehole logging**
- **Pump tests**
  
- **Borehole (lithology) and geophysics database “mining”**
  
- **Geophysical data inversion**
- **Groundwater modeling**
  
- **Joint/coupled geophysical and groundwater inversion**



# Danish Partners

- **Research institutions**

- \*Department of Geoscience, Aarhus University
- The Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland
- Department of Environmental Engineering, Technical University of Denmark

- **Industry partners**

- Aarhus Vand A/S
- Alectia A/S
- SkyTEM Surveys ApS
- Aarhus Geophysics ApS



# International Partners

- **Research institutions**

- The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS)
- Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO), Australia.
- Geological Survey of Holland (TNO)

- **International advisory board**

- Professor Rosemary Knight
- Professor Ty Ferré



SKYTEM

ALECTIA

aarhusvand



TNO





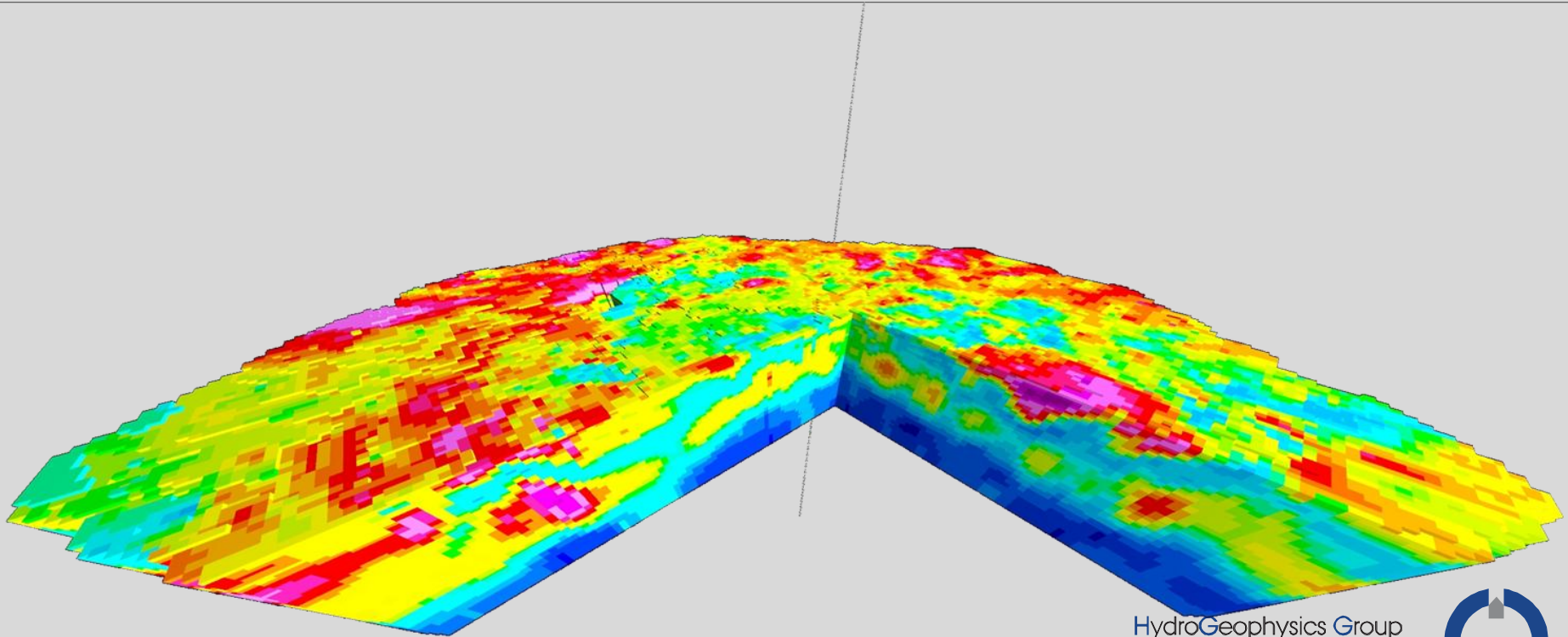
# Example

- Dense geophysical airborne data



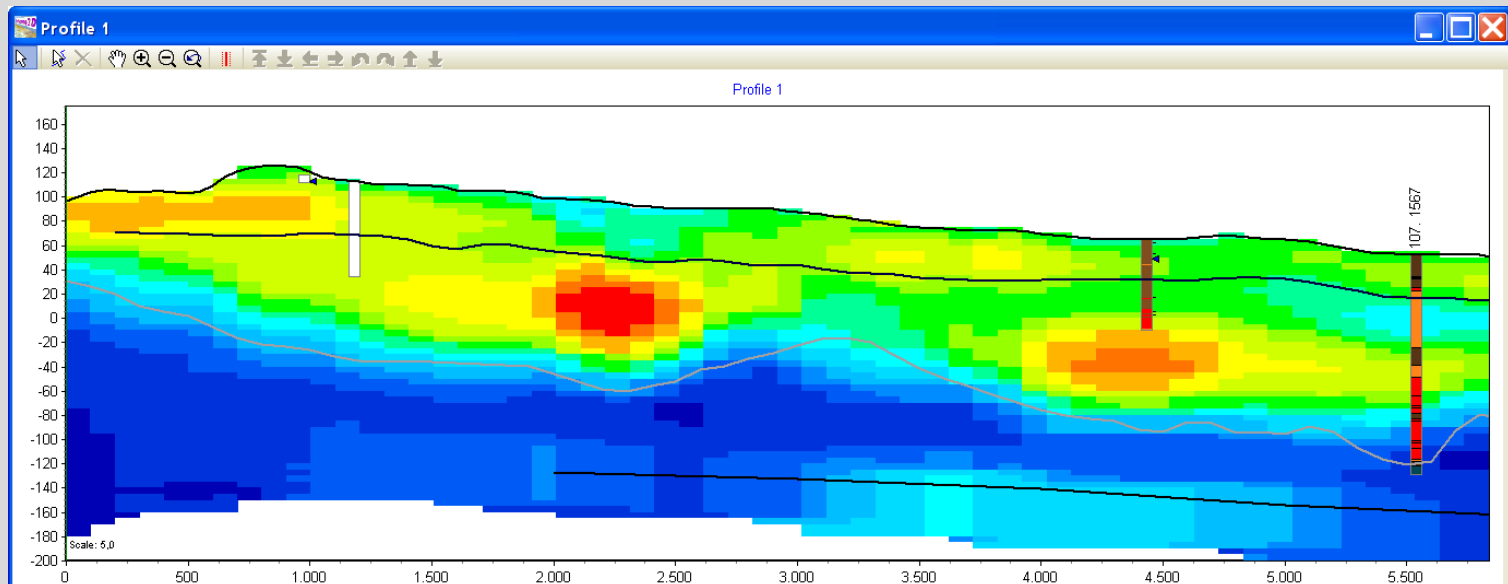
# Example

- **Dense geophysical airborne data**
  - Processed by a geophysicist to a resistivity model



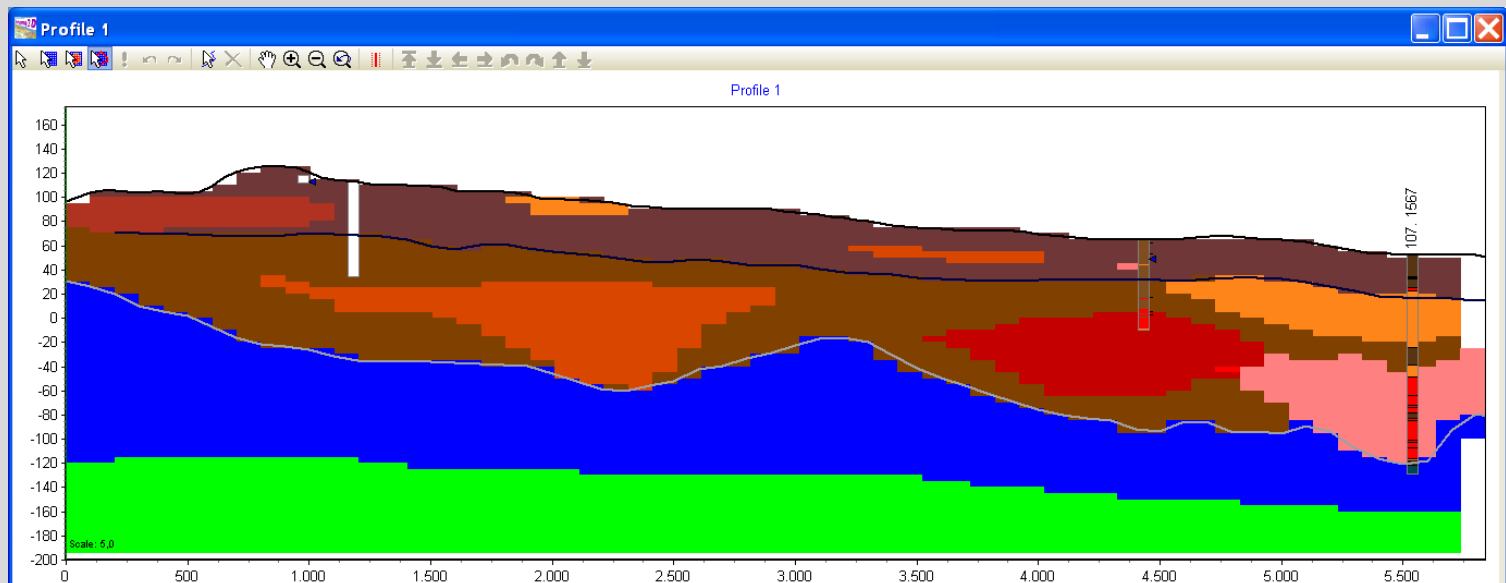
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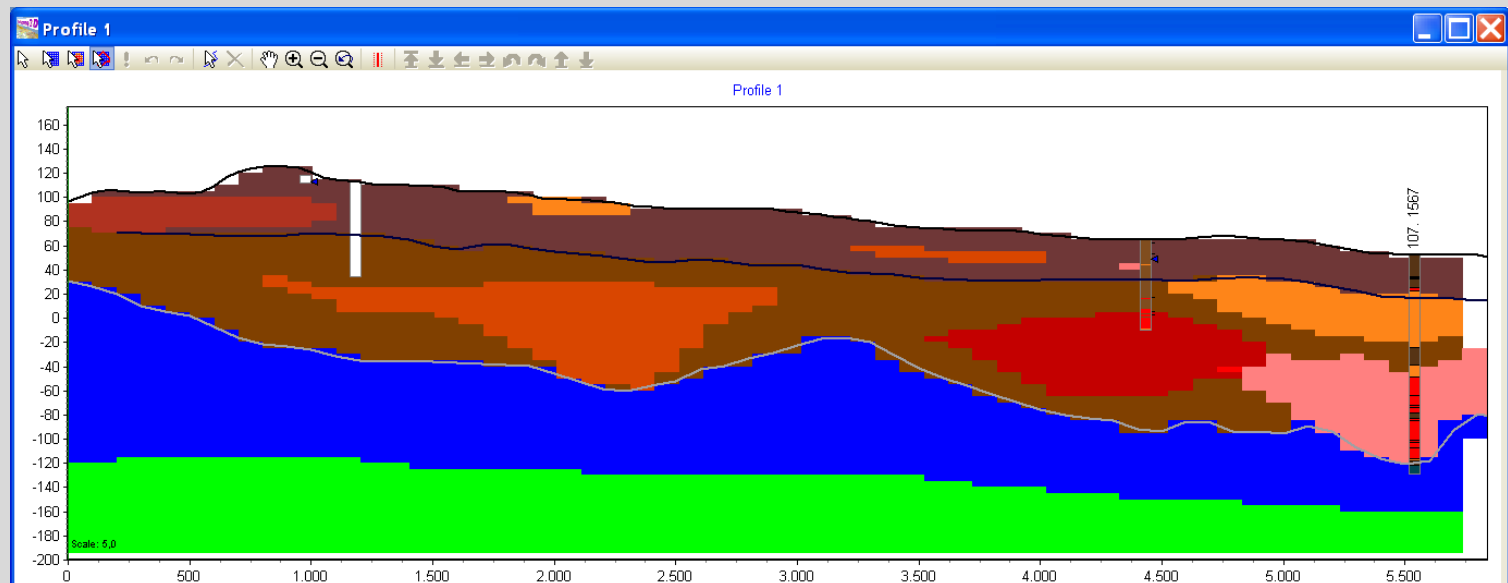
# Example

- **Dense geophysical airborne data**
  - Processed by a geophysicist to a resistivity model
  - Interpreted by a geologist to a geological model



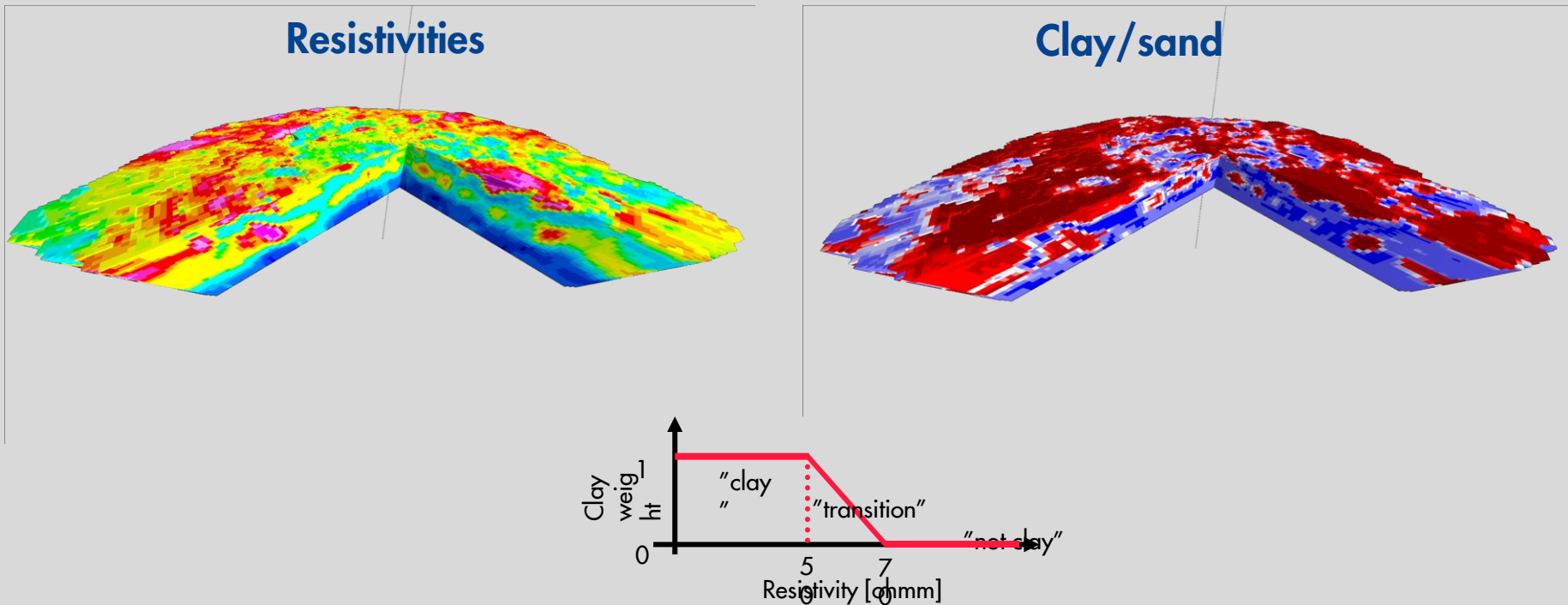
# Example

- **Dense geophysical airborne data**
  - Processed by a geophysicist to a resistivity model
  - Interpreted by a geologist to a geological model
  - Translated into a hydrological model by a hydrogeologist (model reduction)



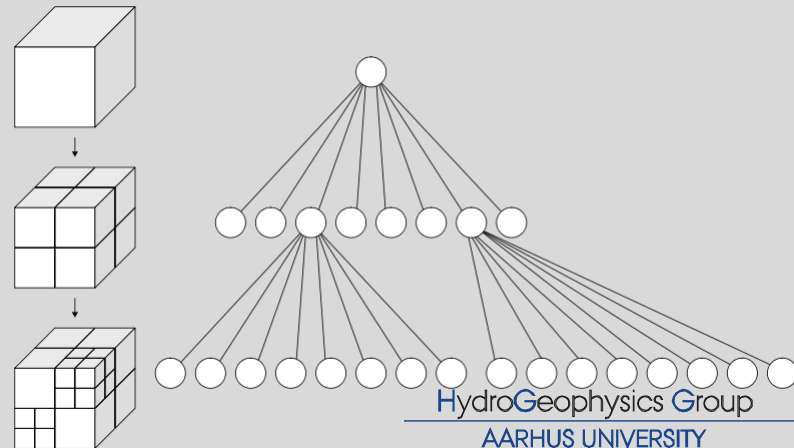
# Example

- One option: automatic translation to clay/sand model



# Tasks – the Hard Core Geophysics

- **Development of instrumentation**
  - Airborne electromagnetic – SkyTEM: Further enhance horizontal and vertical resolution by automated correction for early time data distortions
  - Magnetic Resonance Sounding: new wireless remote noise measuring system
- **Development of algorithms**
  - Octree grid based inversion of AEM and groundbased data.
  - Grid fits well with future joint inversion of groundwater models and geophysical data
- **Surveys in Denmark, Holland, USA and Australia**



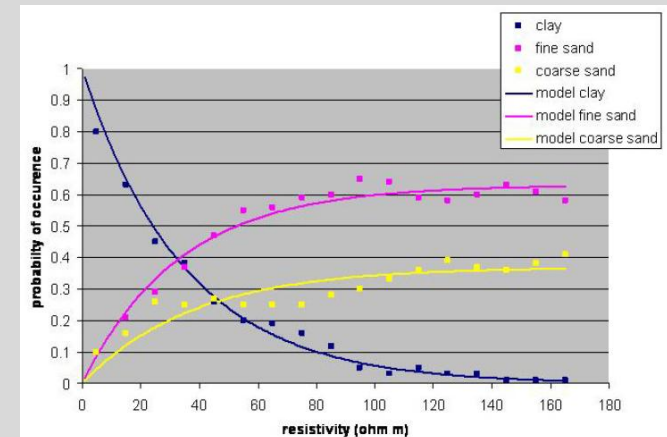


# Tasks – Spatial Correlation...

- Investigate spatial correlation between geophysical properties and lithology formations
- Borehole database with more than 200 000 boreholes and terabytes of geophysical data (mostly TEM and resistivity)
- Multivariate geostatistics

| Formation               | Lithology   | Resistivity intervals (ohmm) |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | Thick-ness (m) |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
|                         |             | 0-1                          | 1-2 | 2-3 | 3-5 | 5-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-80 | 80-100 | 100-120 | 120-160 | 160-200 |                |
| Morild                  | Sand/silt   |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | Up to 212      |
| Troldebjerg             | Sand        |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | Up to 95       |
| Ribjerg                 | Clay/sand   |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | Up to 55       |
| Lønstrup Klint          | Clay/sand   |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | Up to 35       |
| Upper Skærumhede Clay   | Clay        |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | 5 - 20         |
| Åsted                   | Till        |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | 3 - 12         |
| Middle Skærumhede Clay  | Clay        |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | 5 - 20         |
| Brønderslev Clay Member | Clay/sand   |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | 10 - 55        |
| Brønderslev Till Member | Till, sandy |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | 5 - 30         |
| Lower Skærumhede Clay   | Clay, silty |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | Up to 85       |
| Skærumhede Till         | Clay till   |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | 5 - 15         |
| Upper Cretaceous        | Chalk       |                              |     |     |     |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |         |         |         | -              |

Sandersen *et al.* 2009





# Tasks – Inversion – hydro and geophysics

- **Coupled inversion**
  - Geometry: Layer interfaces and thicknesses in groundwater model and geophysical model must be identical
  - Petrophysical: Correlation of electrical and hydraulic conductivity
- **Sequential inversion**
  - Invert geophysical data *then* invert for hydrological/geological parameters
- **Geostatistical approach**
  - Statistical links between e.g. lithology and resistivity used to build probable models



# Tasks – Testing the Hypotheses

- **Test-bench environment for accessing new ideas in a controlled environment for geophysical and hydrological modeling**



# Join Us

- **We can contribute with**
  - SkyTEM, MRS, boreholelogs, lithology logs
  - Modflow and MikeShe hydrological models
  - Engaged PhD's and post docs
  - Advanced software packages for modeling of geophysical and hydrological data
- **The data can be made available for collaboration research projects**



# Conclusion

- **HyGEM will develop more automatic approaches for coupling geological, hydrological and geophysical data on large scale water shed scale**
- **Development of instrumentation, algorithms and concepts**
- **We are for sure not able to go all the way, but this is a start !**

[www.hygem.org](http://www.hygem.org)

